

2.3

Exercise Set

Definition:

The **composite function** $f \circ g$, the **composition** of f and g , is defined as

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)),$$

where x is in the domain of g and $g(x)$ is in the domain of f .

a)

b)

Find $(f \circ g)(x)$ and $(g \circ f)(x)$ and the domain of each.

12. $f(x) = \underline{3x - 2}$, $g(x) = \underline{x^2 + 5}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } (f \circ g)(x) &= f(g(x)) \\ &= f(\underline{x^2 + 5}) \\ &= 3(\underline{x^2 + 5}) - 2 \\ &= 3x^2 + 15 - 2 = \underline{3x^2 + 13} \end{aligned}$$

$$D_{f \circ g} : x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } (g \circ f)(x) &= g(f(x)) \\ &= g(\underline{3x - 2}) \\ &= (\underline{3x - 2})^2 + 5 \\ &= 9x^2 - 12x + \underline{4} + 5 \\ &= \underline{9x^2 - 12x + 9} \end{aligned}$$

$$D_{g \circ f} : x \in (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$16. \underline{f(x)} = \frac{6}{x}, \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{\underline{2x+1}}$$

$$2x+1 \neq 0$$

$$2x \neq -1$$

$$x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$a) \underline{(f \circ g)(x)} = f\left(\frac{1}{2x+1}\right) \quad \text{stop: } x \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2x+1}{2x+1} \cdot \frac{6}{\frac{1}{2x+1}} = \frac{12x+6}{1} = \textcircled{12x+6}$$

$$\textcircled{D_{f \circ g} : x \in (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}) \cup (-\frac{1}{2}, \infty)}$$

$$b) \underline{(g \circ f)(x)} = g\left(\frac{6}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{2\left(\frac{6}{x}\right)+1} \quad \text{stop: } x \neq 0$$

$$= \frac{\overset{x}{\cancel{x}}}{\overset{x}{\cancel{x}}} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{12}{x} + 1} = \textcircled{\frac{x}{12+x}} \quad \text{stop: } x \neq -12$$

$$\textcircled{D_{g \circ f} : \underline{(-\infty, -12)} \cup \underline{(-12, 0)} \cup \underline{(0, \infty)}}$$



$$25. f(x) = \underline{3x - 7}, g(x) = \underline{\frac{x + 7}{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } (f \circ g)(x) &= f\left(\frac{x+7}{3}\right) = 3\left(\frac{x+7}{3}\right) - 7 \\ &= x+7-7 = \textcircled{x} \quad \textcircled{D_{f \circ g}: x \in (-\infty, \infty)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } (g \circ f)(x) &= g(3x-7) = \frac{(3x-7)+7}{3} \\ &= \frac{3x}{3} = \textcircled{x} \quad \textcircled{D_{g \circ f}: x \in (-\infty, \infty)} \end{aligned}$$

$$28. f(x) = \underline{\sqrt{x}}, g(x) = \underline{2 - 3x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } (f \circ g)(x) &= f(2-3x) \\ &= \textcircled{\sqrt{2-3x}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_{f \circ g}: \quad &2-3x \geq 0 \\ &-3x \geq -2 \\ &x \leq \frac{2}{3} \end{aligned} \quad \textcircled{x \in (-\infty, \frac{2}{3}]}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } (g \circ f)(x) &= g(\sqrt{x}) \\ &= \textcircled{2 - 3\sqrt{x}} \end{aligned}$$

stop: $x \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{domain: } &x \geq 0 \\ &\textcircled{x \in [0, \infty)} \end{aligned}$$

$$35. \quad \underline{f(x)} = \frac{1-x}{x}, \quad \underline{g(x)} = \frac{1}{1+x}$$

$$a) \quad \underline{(f \circ g)(x)} = \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{1+x}\right)} \quad \text{stop: } x \neq -1$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1+x}{1+x} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{1+x}\right)}{\frac{1}{1+x}}$$

$$= \frac{1+x-1}{1} = \frac{x}{1} = \textcircled{x}$$

domain:

$$x \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \infty)$$

$$b) \quad \underline{(g \circ f)(x)} = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{1-x}{x}\right)} = \frac{x}{\textcircled{x} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1-x}{x}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{x}{x + (1-x)} = \frac{x}{1} = \textcircled{x}$$

$$\text{domain: } (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$$