

$$\underline{y^2} + \underline{x^3} = \underline{\sqrt{y}} + \underline{8} ; \text{ find } \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)$$

$$2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + 3x^2 = \frac{1}{2} y^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + 0$$

$$2\left(2y \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{2} y^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{dy}{dx}\right) = 2(-3x^2)$$

$$4y \frac{dy}{dx} - y^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{dy}{dx} = -6x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (4y - y^{-\frac{1}{2}}) = -6x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-6x^2}{4y - y^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \cdot \frac{y^{\frac{1}{2}}}{y^{\frac{1}{2}}} \stackrel{\text{OR}}{=} \frac{-6x^2 y^{\frac{1}{2}}}{4y^{3/2} - 1}$$

$$\underline{4y^6} - \underline{8x} = \underline{y} - 1 ; \text{ find } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$24y^5 \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} - 8 = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$24y^5 \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{dy}{dx} = 8$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (24y^5 - 1) = 8 \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{8}{24y^5 - 1}$$

$$(y)^4 - 3x^2 = y^2 - 2 \quad ; \text{ find } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$4y^3 \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} - 6x = 2y \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$4y^3 \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 6x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (4y^3 - 2y) = 6x \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6x}{4y^3 - 2y} = \frac{2(3x)}{2(2y^3 - y)} = \frac{3x}{2y^3 - y}$$

$$\underline{x^2 \cdot y^5} + \underline{7x} = y - 8 \quad \frac{d}{dx}(uv) = uv' + vu'$$

$$x^2 \left(5y^4 \frac{dy}{dx} \right) + y^5 (2x) + 7 = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$5x^2 y^4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy^5 + 7 = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$5x^2 y^4 \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{dy}{dx} = -2xy^5 - 7$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (5x^2 y^4 - 1) = -2xy^5 - 7 \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2xy^5 - 7}{5x^2 y^4 - 1} \cdot \frac{(-1)}{(-1)} = \frac{2xy^5 + 7}{1 - 5x^2 y^4}$$

Related Rates: $\frac{df}{dt}$

Ex. Let $8y^3 + x^2 = 1$;

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2, \quad x = 3, \quad y = -1.$$

Find $\frac{dy}{dt}$.

Solution: Here, x and y are functions of time.

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = ? \\ y(t) = ? \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{what they are} \\ \text{is hidden} \end{array}$$

We will use implicit differentiation.

$$8y^3 + x^2 = 1 \Rightarrow$$

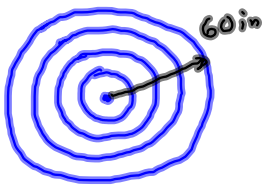
$$24y^2 \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + 2x \frac{dx}{dt} = 0; \quad \text{plug in values}$$

$$24(-1)^2 \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} + 2(3)(2) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$24 \frac{dy}{dt} + 12 = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dt} = \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

circles

A pebble is dropped into a pond and concentric centers form. If the radius is increasing at 8 inches per second, how fast is the area of the outer circle changing when the radius of the outer circle is 60 inches?



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{dr}{dt} = 8 \text{ in/sec} \\ r = 60 \text{ inches} \\ \frac{dA}{dt} = ? \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow A = \pi r^2$$

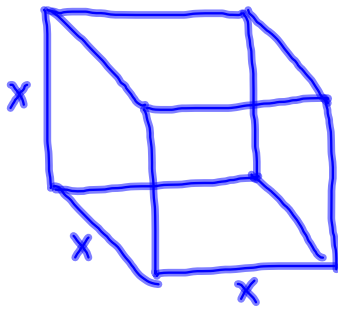
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$= 2\pi (60 \text{ in})(8 \text{ in/sec})$$

$$= 960\pi \text{ in}^2/\text{sec} \text{ OR}$$

$$\approx 3016 \text{ in}^2/\text{sec}$$

All edges of an ice cube are melting at a rate of 5 millimeters per minute. How fast is the volume of the cube changing when the lengths of the edges are 1 centimeter. (1 cm = 10 mm)



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -5 \text{ mm/min}$$

$$x = 10 \text{ mm}$$

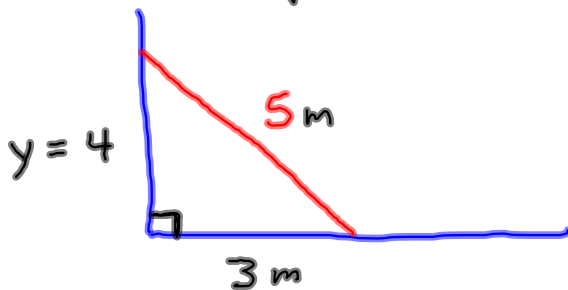
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = ?$$

$$V = x^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dV}{dt} &= 3x^2 \frac{dx}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dV}{dt} = 3(10 \text{ mm})^2 (-5 \text{ mm/min}) \\ &= -1500 \text{ mm}^3/\text{min} \\ &= -1.5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min} \end{aligned}$$

A 5-meter ladder resting on a wall begins to slip. The top of the ladder is falling at a rate of 1.5 meters per second when the bottom of the ladder is 3 meters from the wall. At this time, how fast is the bottom of the ladder moving away from the wall?

$$\sqrt{5^2 - 3^2} = \sqrt{16} = 4$$



$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -1.5 \text{ m/sec}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = ?$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x \frac{dx}{dt} + y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

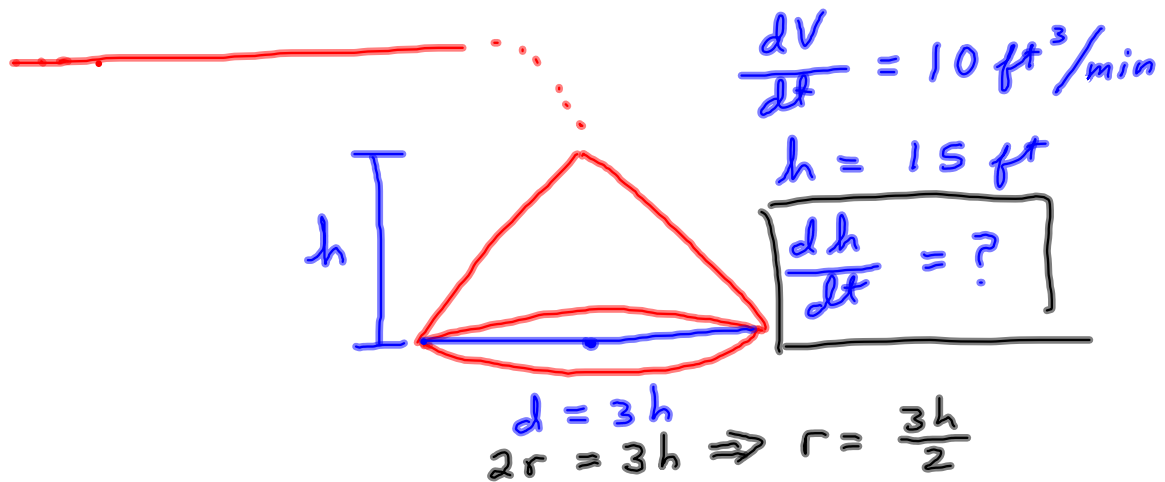
$$\Rightarrow 3 \frac{dx}{dt} + 4(-1.5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \frac{dx}{dt} - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 \frac{dx}{dt} = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dx}{dt} = 2 \text{ m/sec}$$

At a sand and gravel plant, sand is falling off a conveyor and onto a pile at a rate of 10 cubic feet per minute. The diameter of the base is three times its height. At what rate is the height changing when it is 15 feet high?



$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{3h}{2}\right)^2 h = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{9h^2}{4}\right) h$$

$$V = \frac{3}{4} \pi h^3 \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{9}{4} \pi h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \Rightarrow$$

$$10 = \frac{9}{4} \pi (15)^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \Rightarrow$$

$$10 = \frac{2025\pi}{4} \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \Rightarrow \frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{10}{2025\pi/4} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{40}{2025\pi} = \frac{8}{405\pi} \text{ ft/min} \approx 0.006 \text{ ft/min}$$